# Be Prepared for Outages









An emergency kit is helpful in case of a power failure or other event that could jeopardize your safety. Include items such as waterproof matches, batteries, a flashlight, bottled water and a portable radio.

Do you know what to do if the power goes out? Would you know where to find a flashlight or how to report an outage?

With the winter season soon upon us, the chances of a power outage increases with changing weather conditions. Being prepared and knowing what to do can help you better deal with a power outage.

#### **Being Prepared**

A power outage can occur at any time. Because they sometimes can be lengthy, every home should have provisions for dealing with a power outage. Having ready access to the following items can make all of the difference.

- Flashlight and extra batteries: A flashlight and extra batteries that are easy to find in the dark can be the most essential tools when trying to get things under control. Keep several flashlights handy at all times.
- Candles and matches: For extended outages, candles can be used to conserve flashlight batteries. Remember, candles and matches are extremely combustible and extreme care should be taken when using them. Do not leave a candle burning unattended, particularly when small children are present. Oil lamps also can be used. White-gas lanterns produce carbon monoxide gas and should not be used in tightly closed rooms.
- **Battery-powered radio:** If the power outage is widespread or associated with other emergency situations, the radio might provide regular updates.
- Emergency phone numbers: Keep emergency phone numbers handy for reporting trouble.
- Regular (cord) phone: A cordless telephone cannot be used when there is no power to operate the transmitting unit. Make sure a regular phone that operates without electricity is connected in your home at all

- Drinking water: Fresh water may not always be available. Have at least 1 gallon of water for each person per day. Storing water in your freezer and thawing it as needed is a good way to keep water fresh. Store-bought water is also an alternative.
- First-aid kit: First-aid emergencies can occur at any time. Keep a first-aid kit handy for all emergencies.
- Blankets, sleeping bags and warm clothes: Staying warm is essential. If you are without heat for an extended period, it might be necessary to bundle up to stay warm.
- Nonperishable foods and manual can opener: Some outages can be lengthy, and it may not be possible to keep perishable foods fresh. Canned and dry foods are good to have
- Cooler for frequently used foods: If kept closed, refrigerators and freezers can preserve food for up to 24 hours. If opened, however, their cold air escapes. Use a cooler for storing water, drinks and frequently used food items. This will allow the refrigerator/freezer to remain cold longer.
- Ample firewood or fuel supply: If you use a woodstove, fireplace or stove burning propane or oil, keep an ample supply of fuel handy during the winter months. As a precaution, make sure your stove will operate properly without electricity. Forced air furnaces will not, since they use electricity for the fan to circulate the heat.
- Properly installed generator (optional): A portable generator is an optional source of electricity during a power outage. However, a generator can cause serious injury or death if not connected and used properly. Use appliances that directly plug into the generator. If the generator is connected to the electric panel, a transfer switch and state electrical inspection are required. Otherwise, the generator could backfeed into the utility electric system, energizing supposedly dead

wires and creating a deadly danger to lineman working to restore power.

#### **Get Information Online**

To check on the progress of a power outage or to get information about planned outages, go to www.klickitatpud.com.

#### **Reporting an Outage**

When a power outage occurs, customer cooperation in reporting it will greatly aid line crews in identifying the extent of the trouble and making repairs. Here are some helpful tips when reporting an outage:

- Check breakers and fuses in your own home to make sure they are not tripped or blown. Overloading the breakers and/or fuses can cause a power outage on the customer's side of the meter. A simple breaker/fuse check can avoid a trouble call and a possible service charge to the customer if the outage is caused by a problem in his or her own home, such as an obvious tripped breaker or blown fuse.
- Check to see if your neighbor has power and/or your yard light is on at night. This can help you determine if the outage is limited to your service, or if it also affects other customers on the system.

#### Call KPUD's Outage Line

Once you have determined the power outage is in the utility system, use one of the following outage phone numbers for reporting.

- Goldendale: 773-5891 (local) or (800) 548-8357 (toll-free)
- White Salmon: 493-2255 (local) or (800) 548-8358 (toll-free)

When you contact a Klickitat PUD representative, be patient, courteous and prepared to give the following information:

- Your name and phone number.
- The name on the account.
- Service address and description, such as house, pump, business.

Knowing your account number and meter number will aid line crews in promptly locating your service.

If you hear an explosion or see a flash of light when the power goes out, this is a good indication a fuse has blown. It is important to pass the information along to a KPUD representative.

Reporting a downed power line, trees in the line or other obvious problems will help crews pinpoint and repair outages.

Do not approach a fallen tree, or attempt to clear trees from a line. These actions can be fatal. KPUD line crews are professionals, with the training and equipment to handle these problems. Never try to do this work vourself.

#### **After-Hours Calls**

When a customer reports an outage after hours or on weekends, the phone call will be answered by an answering service for KPUD. These dispatchers are able to contact KPUD crews to respond and make repairs, as well as employees who can direct repairs and track outages on mapping software.

#### **Be Ready When Power is Restored**

Before the lights come on, a customer should be ready to perform the following tasks:

- Unplug voltage-sensitive equipment. Switching surges can occur when power is restored. It is a good precaution to unplug sensitive equipment, such as computers, televisions and stereo equipment from the house plug after you have reported a power outage. This will isolate your equipment from possible voltage surges and dips caused by utility equipment operations. Leave these items unplugged for several minutes after power is restored to ensure the problem has been repaired.
- Turn on outside lights. To help line crews working at night, turn on outside lights so they can see when power has been restored at your residence. This can cut down on the time it takes line crews to confirm a tap line to your house is re-energized.

Power outages can occur at any time. Being prepared and knowing what to do during an outage can make all of the difference with coping with these inconveniences.

For more information about power outages, call KPUD at (509) 773-5891 and ask for the Operations Department.



### Report Outages

To report a power outage, call the Klickitat PUD.

- ▶ Goldendale: 773-5891 or (800) 548-8357
- ▶ White Salmon: 493-2255 or (800) 548-8358 After-hours emergency calls will be forwarded to a KPUD answering service dispatcher.

## **Generator Safety**

If you plan to connect a generator to your electric panel, a transfer switch and state electrical inspection are required. Otherwise, the generator could backfeed into the utility electric system, energizing supposedly dead wires and creating a deadly hazard for linemen working to restore power.

Only use generators outdoors—far from windows, doors, vents, crawl spaces and in an area where adequate ventilation is available.

Just using a fan or opening doors and windows will not provide sufficient ventilation.